

Worksheet 2: Runoff curve number and runoff

Project	By	Date
Location	Checked	Date

Check one: Present Developed

1. Runoff curve number

Soil name and hydrologic group <small>(appendix A)</small>	Cover description <small>(cover type, treatment, and hydrologic condition; percent impervious; unconnected/connected impervious area ratio)</small>	CN ^{1/}			Area <input type="checkbox"/> acres <input type="checkbox"/> mi ² <input type="checkbox"/> %	Product of CN x area
		Table 2-2	Figure 2-3	Figure 2-4		

^{1/} Use only one CN source per line

Totals ➡

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CN (weighted) = $\frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}}$ = _____ = _____ ;

Use CN ➡

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2. Runoff

	Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3
Frequency yr			
Rainfall, P (24-hour) in			
Runoff, Q in <small>(Use P and CN with table 2-1, figure 2-1, or equations 2-3 and 2-4)</small>			

Worksheet 3: Time of Concentration (T_c) or travel time (T_t)

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Check one: Present Developed

Check one: T_c T_t through subarea

Notes: Space for as many as two segments per flow type can be used for each worksheet.
Include a map, schematic, or description of flow segments.

Sheet flow (Applicable to T_c only)

	Segment ID			
1. Surface description (table 3-1)				
2. Manning's roughness coefficient, n (table 3-1)				
3. Flow length, L (total L \uparrow 300 ft) ft				
4. Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P_2 in				
5. Land slope, s ft/ft				
6. $T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$ Compute T_t hr			+	= <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>

Shallow concentrated flow

	Segment ID			
7. Surface description (paved or unpaved)				
8. Flow length, Lft				
9. Watercourse slope, s ft/ft				
10. Average velocity, V (figure 3-1) ft/s				
11. $T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$ Compute T_t hr			+	= <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>

Channel flow

	Segment ID			
12. Cross sectional flow area, a ft ²				
13. Wetted perimeter, p_w ft				
14. Hydraulic radius, $r = \frac{a}{p_w}$ Compute r ft				
15. Channel slope, s ft/ft				
16. Manning's roughness coefficient, n				
17. $V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$ Compute V ft/s				
18. Flow length, L ft				
19. $T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$ Compute T_t hr			+	= <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
20. Watershed or subarea T_c or T_t (add T_t in steps 6, 11, and 19)				Hr <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>

Worksheet 4: Graphical Peak Discharge method

Project	By	Date
Location	Checked	Date

Check one: Present Developed

1. Data

Drainage area $A_m =$ _____ mi^2 (acres/640)

Runoff curve number $CN =$ _____ (From worksheet 2)

Time of concentration $T_c =$ _____ hr (From worksheet 3)

Rainfall distribution = _____ (I, IA, II III)

Pond and swamp areas spread throughout watershed = _____ percent of A_m (_____ acres or mi^2 covered)

	Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3
2. Frequency yr			
3. Rainfall, P (24-hour) in			
4. Initial abstraction, I_a in (Use CN with table 4-1)			
5. Compute I_a/P			
6. Unit peak discharge, q_u csm/in (Use T_c and I_a/P with exhibit 4- _____)			
7. Runoff, Q in (From worksheet 2) Figure 2-6			
8. Pond and swamp adjustment factor, F_p (Use percent pond and swamp area with table 4-2. Factor is 1.0 for zero percent pond and swamp area.)			
9. Peak discharge, q_p ft^3/s (Where $q_p = q_u A_m QF_p$)			

